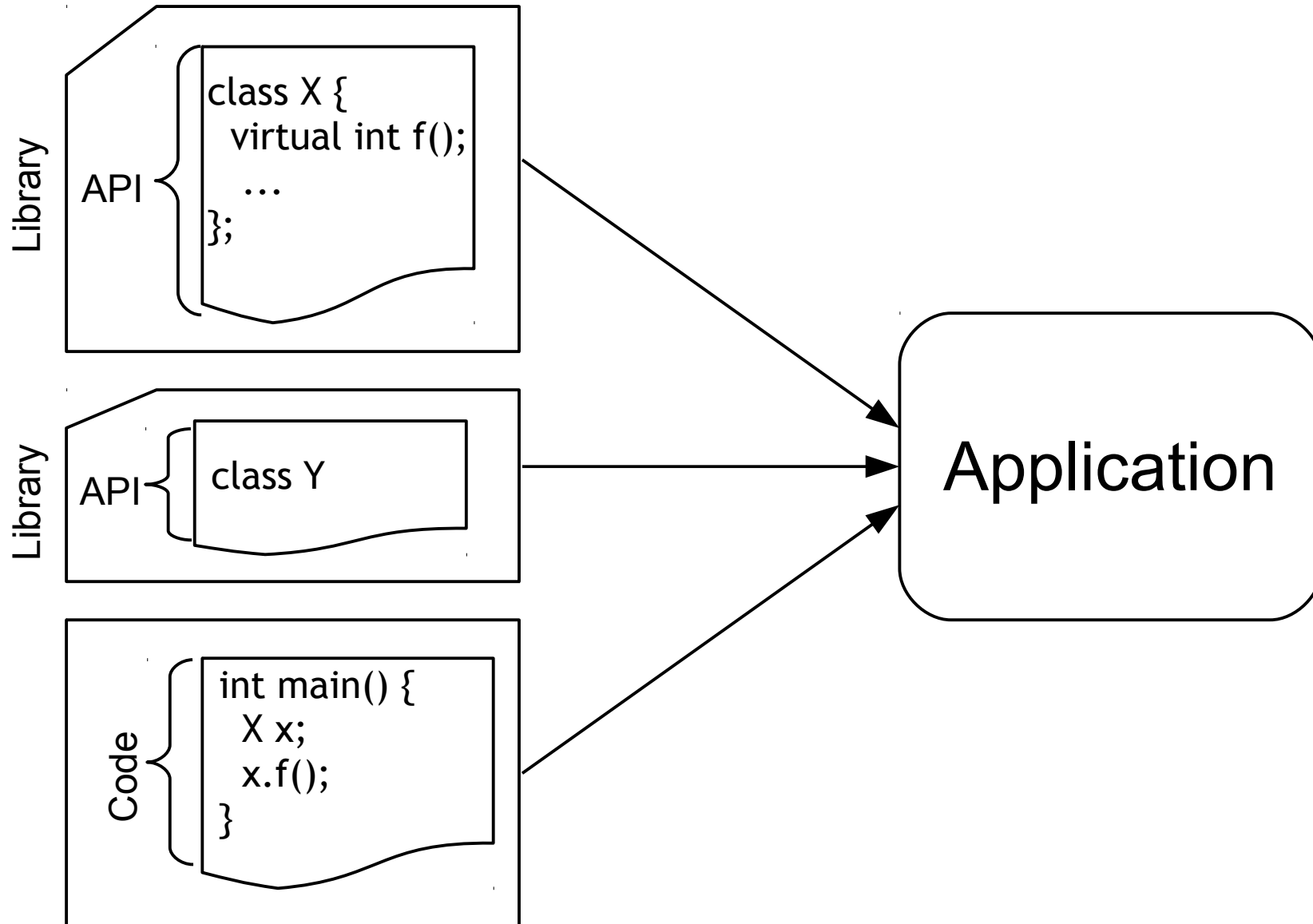


ABI Compatibility Through A Customizable Language

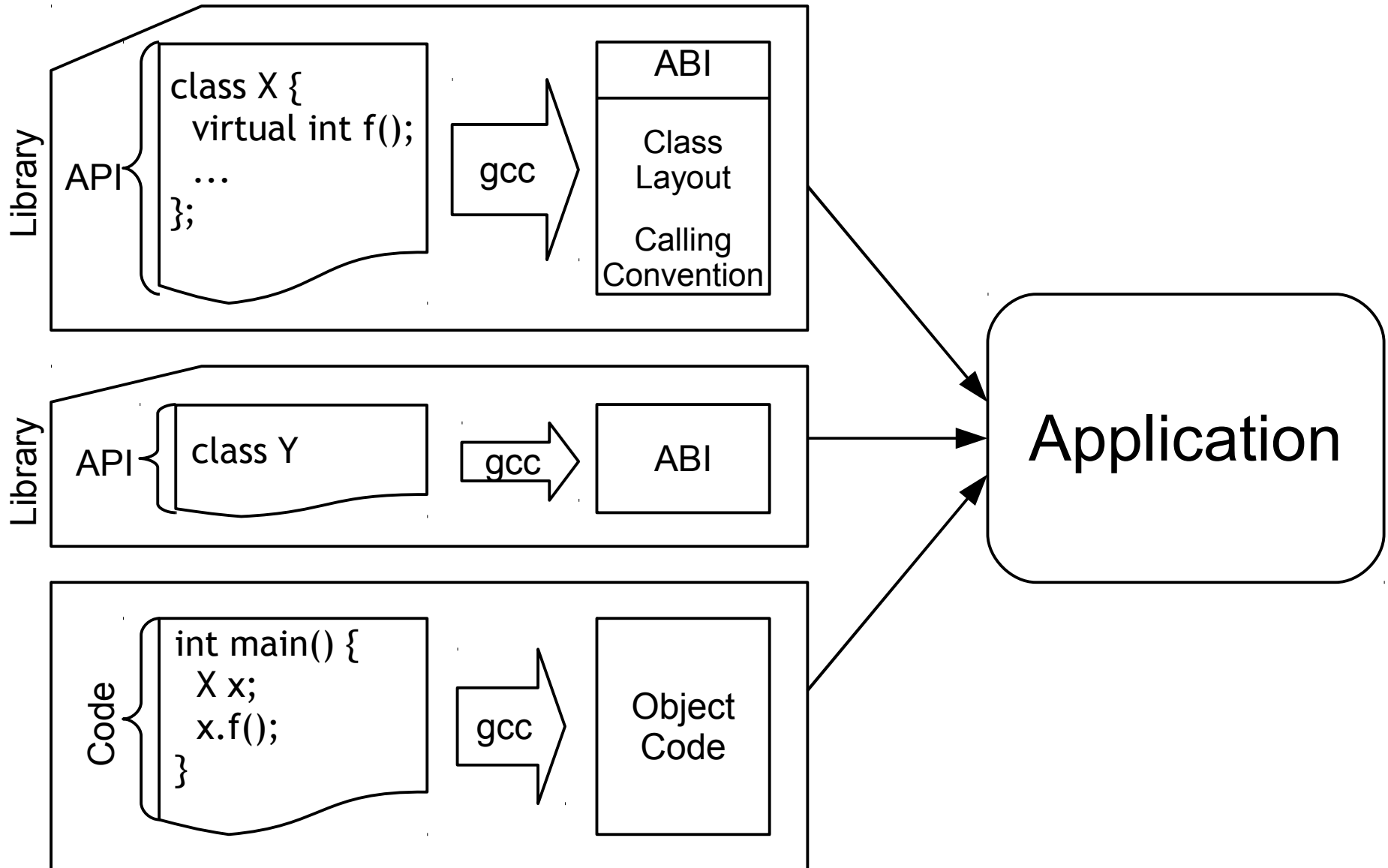
Kevin Atkinson

PhD Thesis
University of Utah

Application Programmer Interface (API)

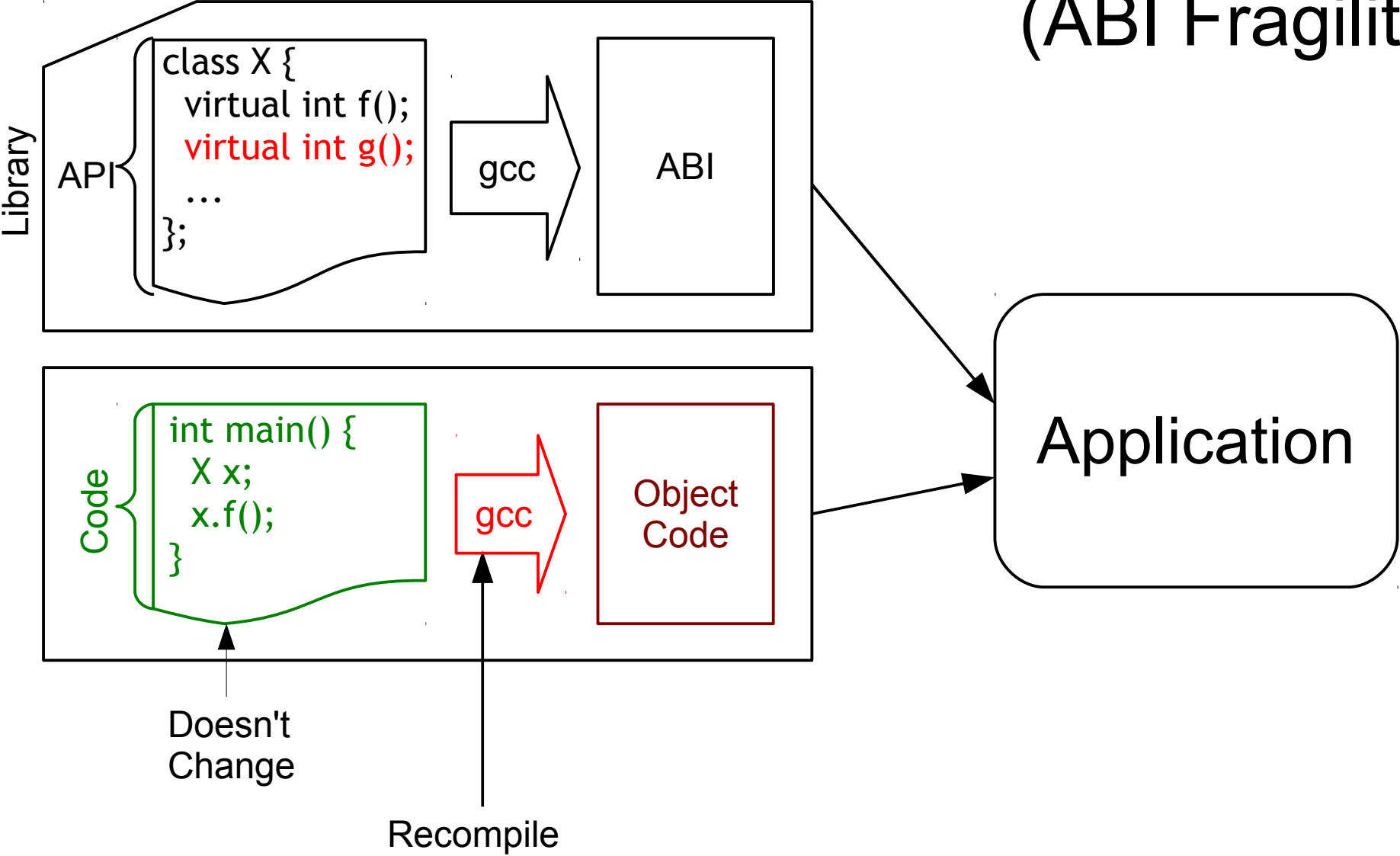


Application Binary Interface (ABI)

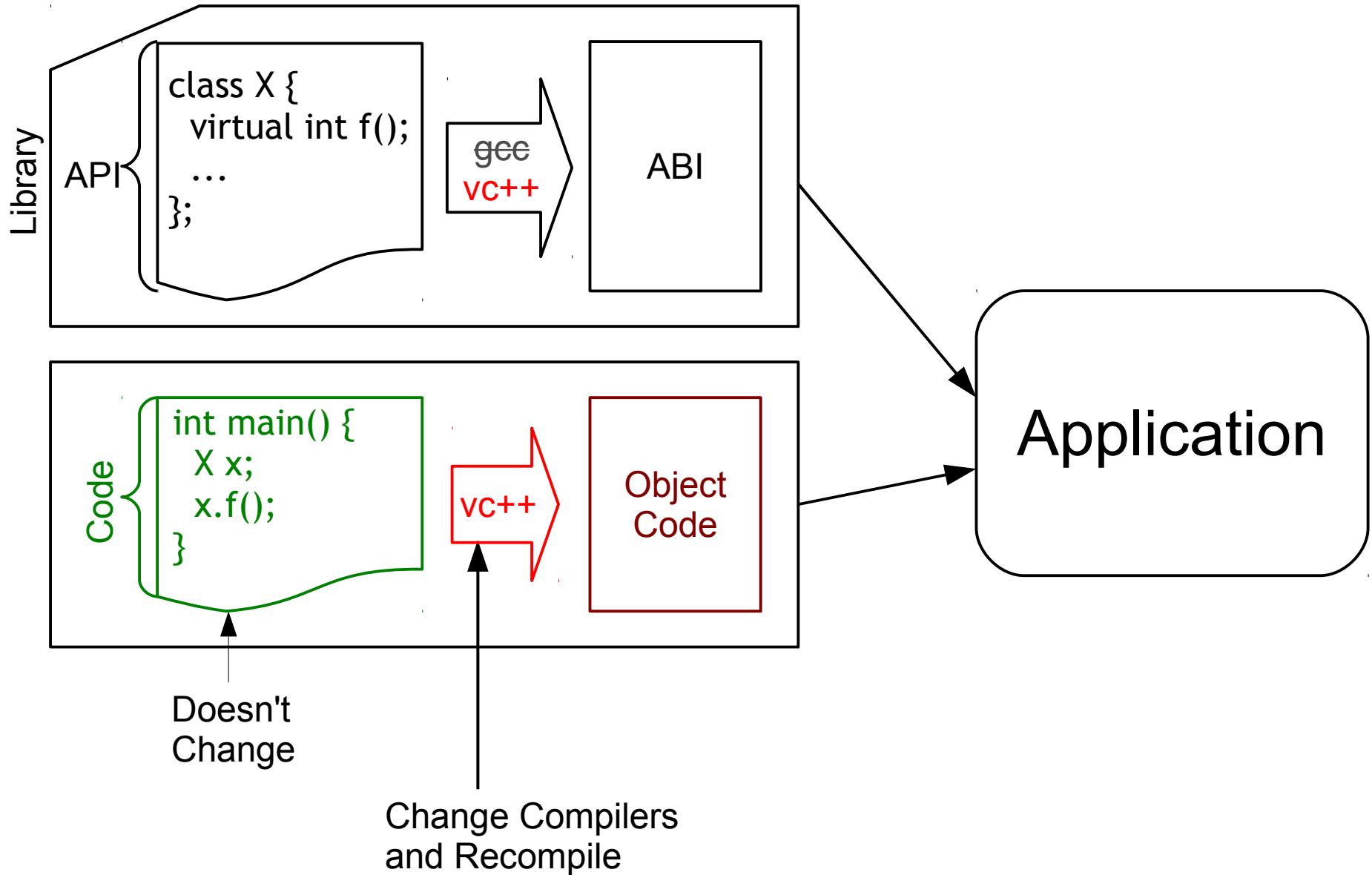


Source vs Binary Compatibility

(ABI Fragility)



ABI Incompatibility

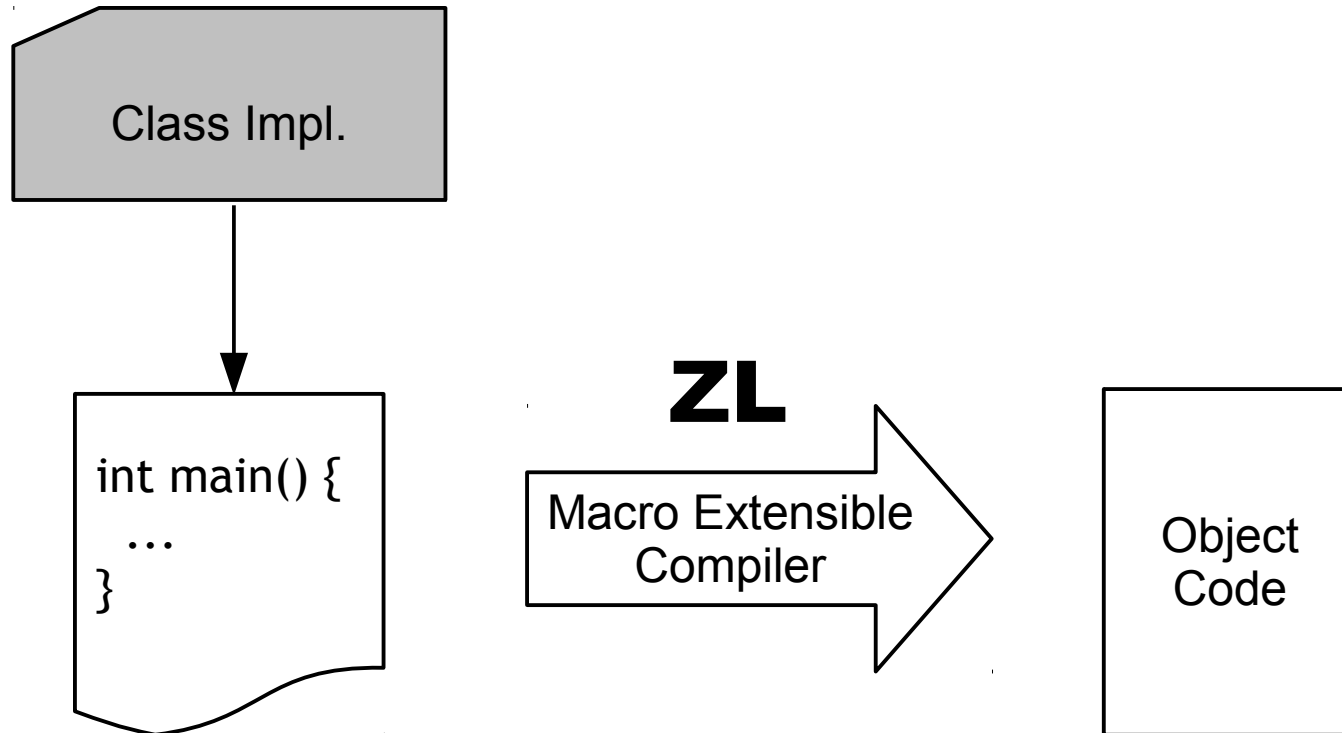


Previous Work

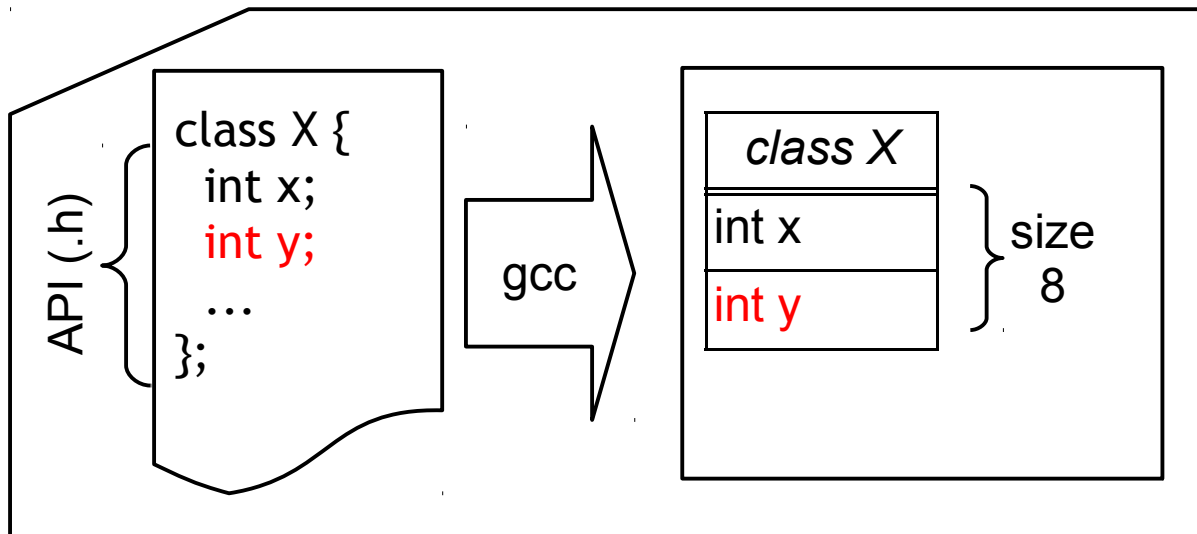
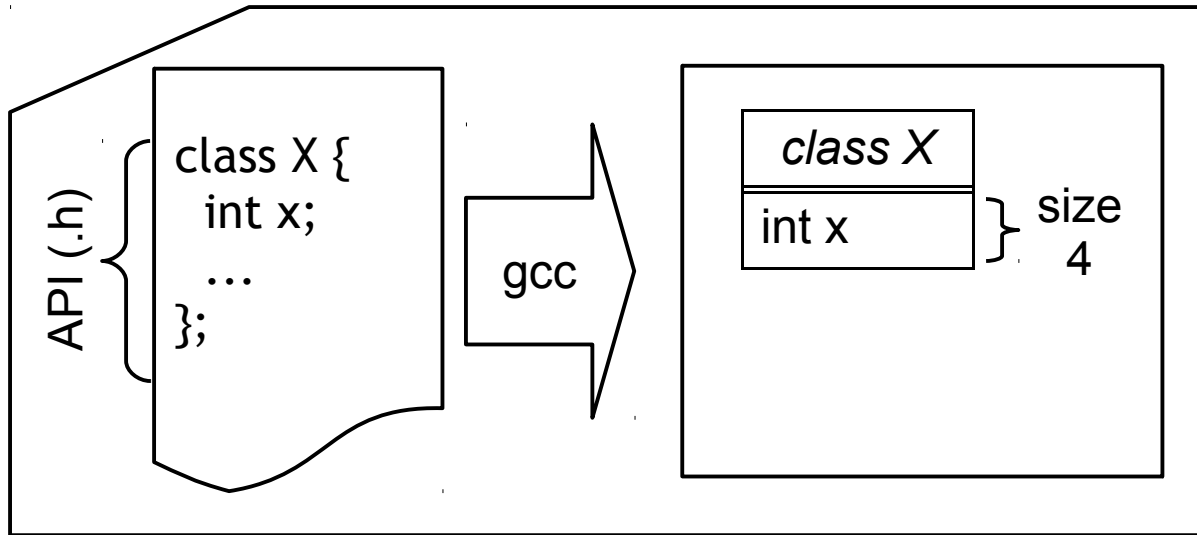
- Some Standardization Attempts
 - Itanium C++ ABI
- Still Two Common ABIs:
 - GCC
 - Visual C++
- Some Work Towards Less Fragile ABIs
 - Delta C++ (Palay, 1992)
 - Object Binary Interface (Williams and Kindel, 1994)
- Sacrifice Performance
- Not Commonly Used

Thesis Statement

Fragile and incompatible ABIs are a major problem in software maintenance and evolution that can be systematically dealt with and effectively managed using a macro-based system that allows the programmer to control how an API maps to an ABI.

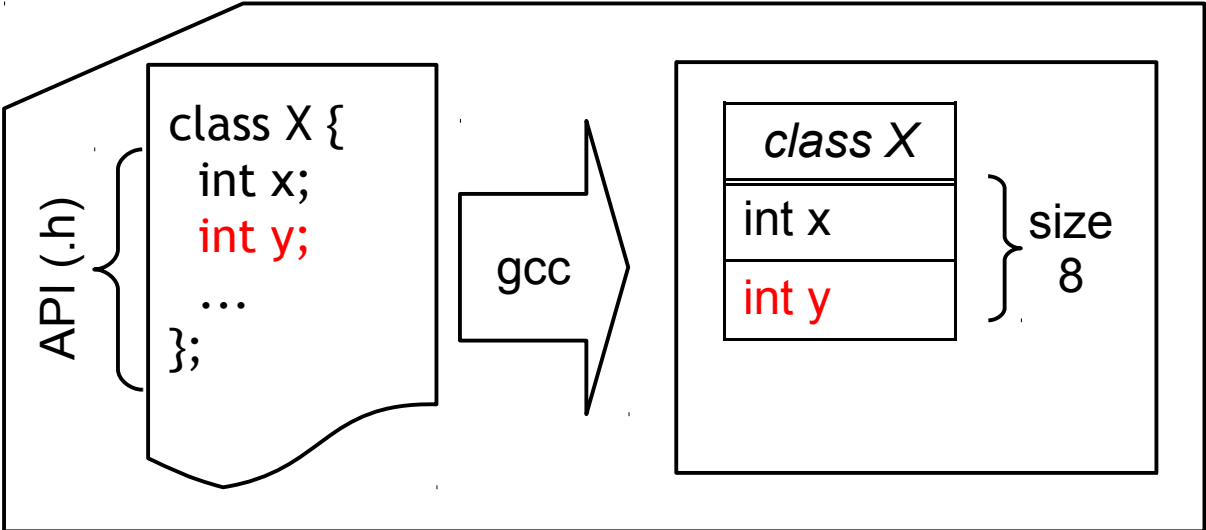
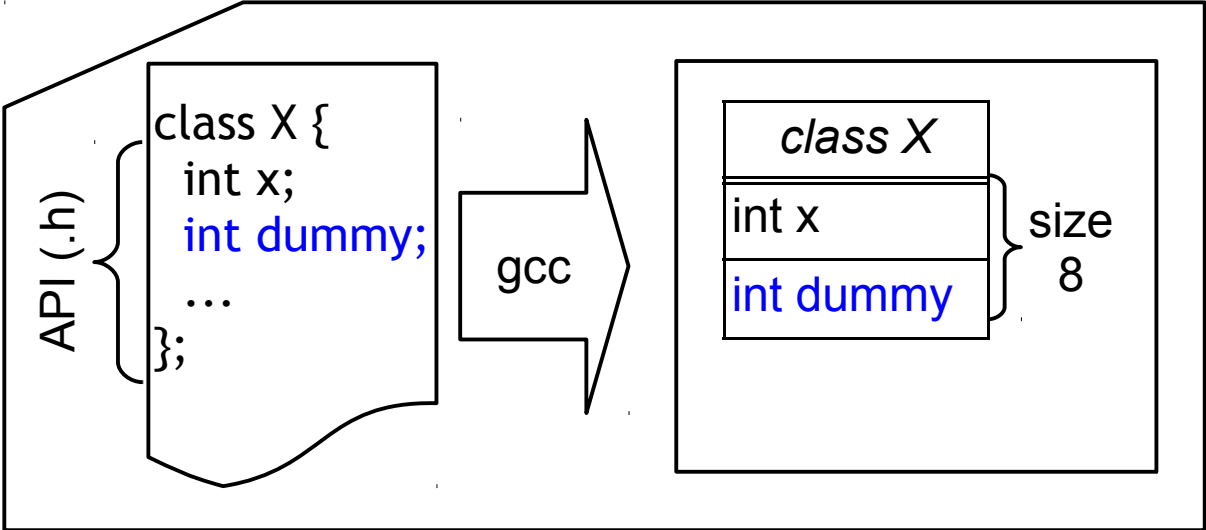


Breaking Binary Compatibility



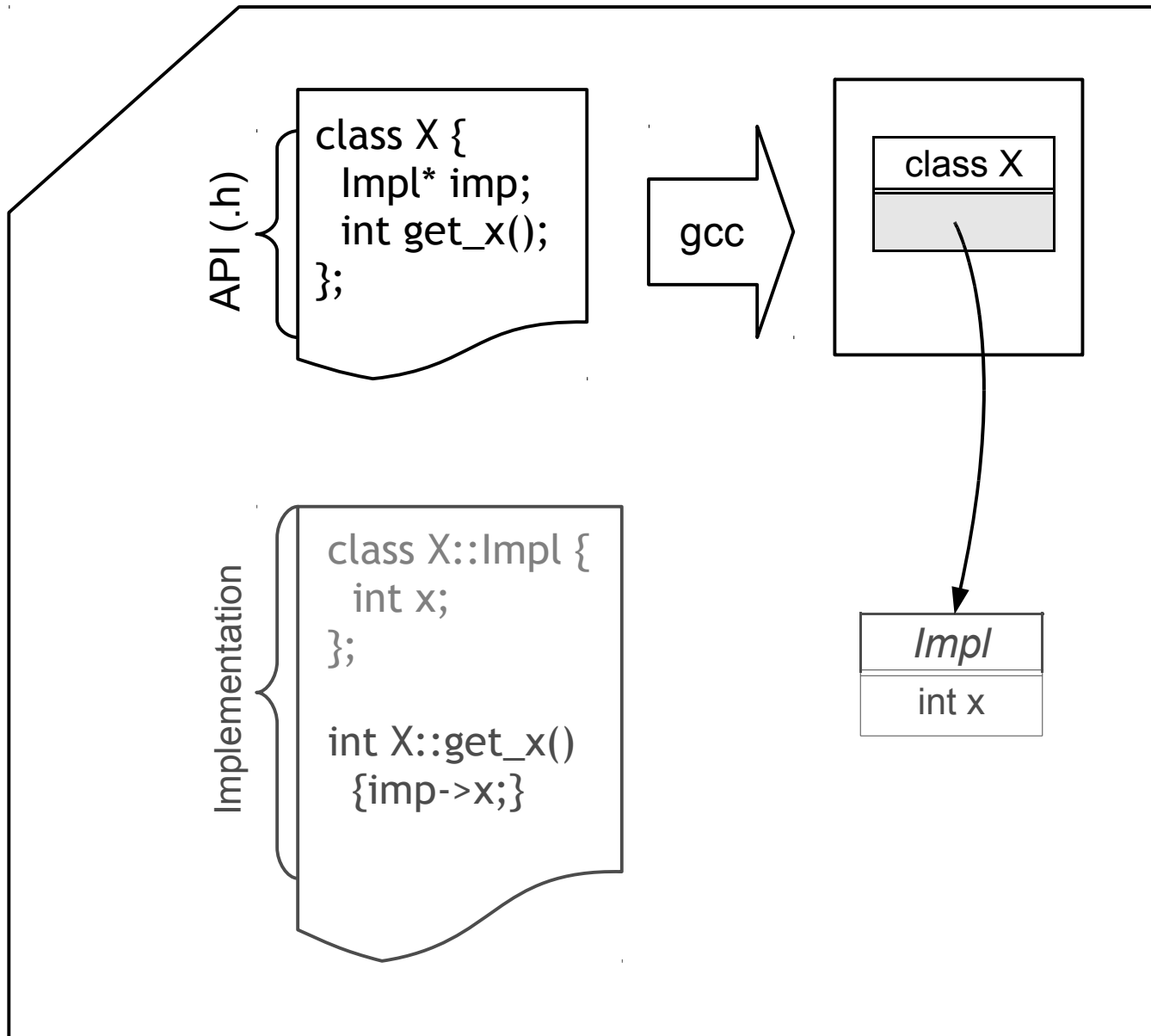
Preserving Binary Compatibility

Dummy Member

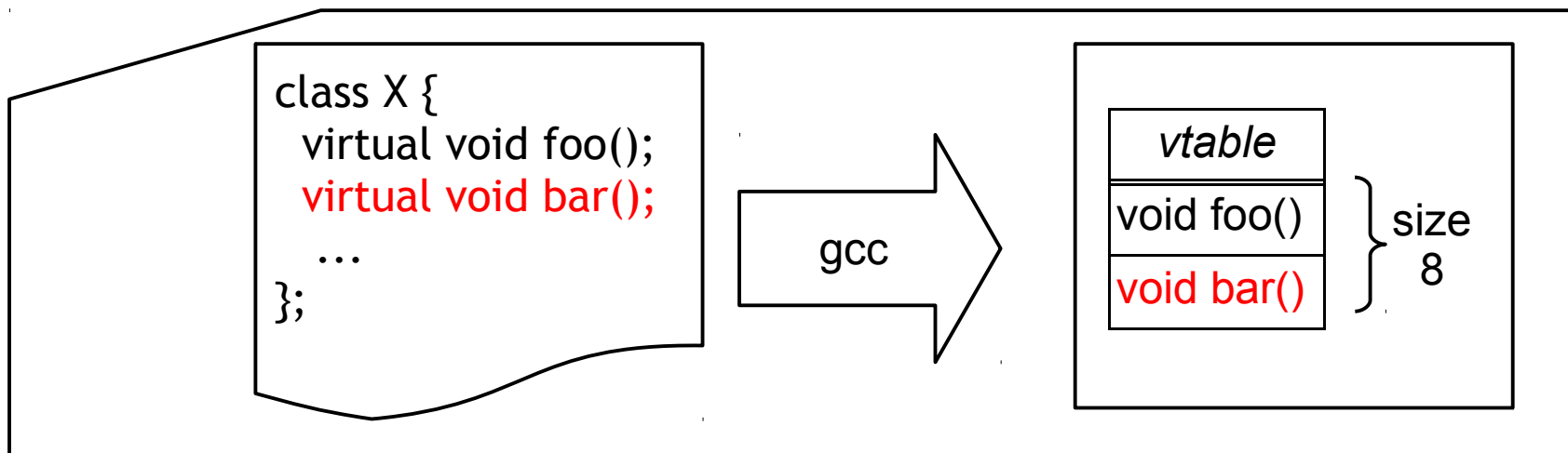
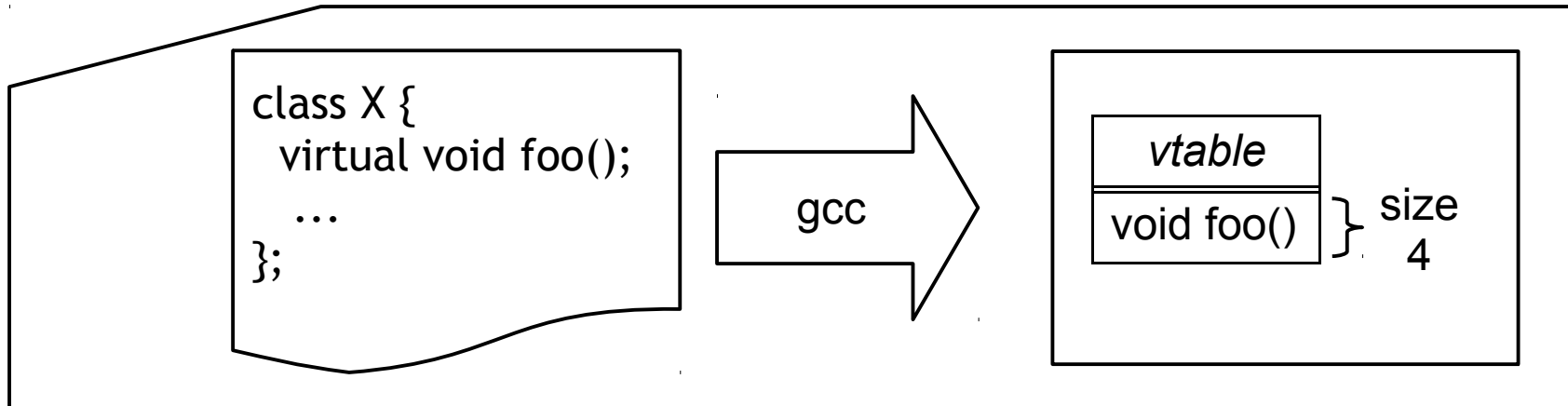


Preserving Binary Compatibility

Pointer to
Implementation

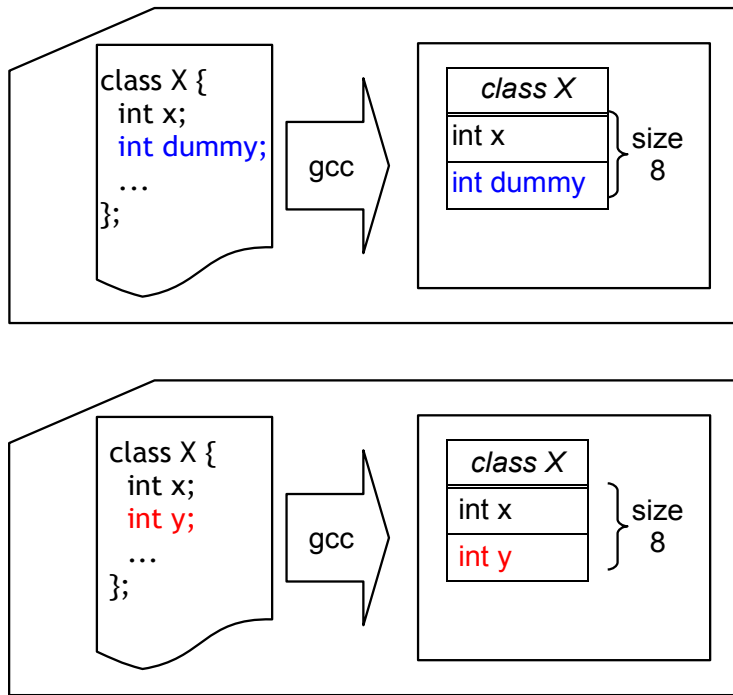


Breaking Binary Compatibility

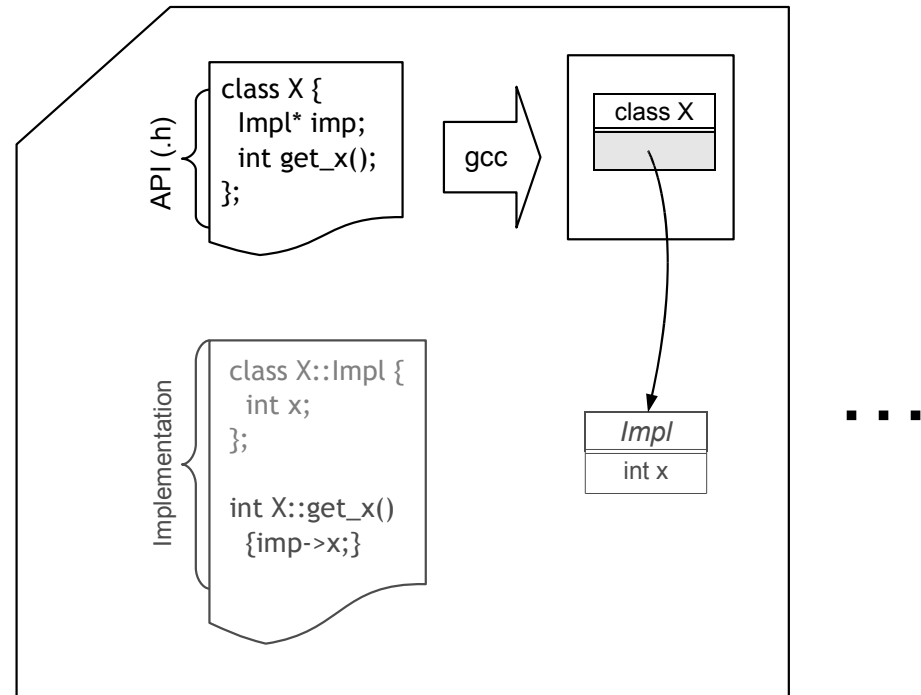


- For Preserving: Options Limited

Dummy Member



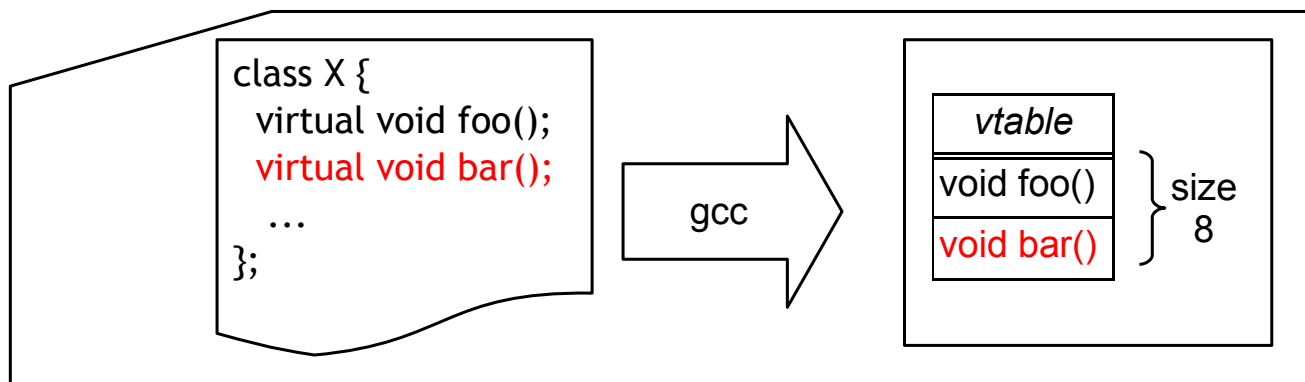
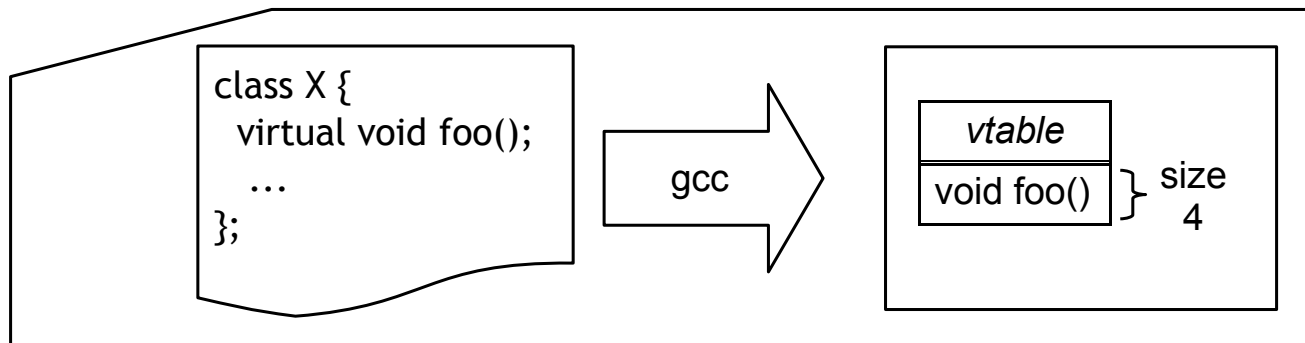
Pointer to Impl.



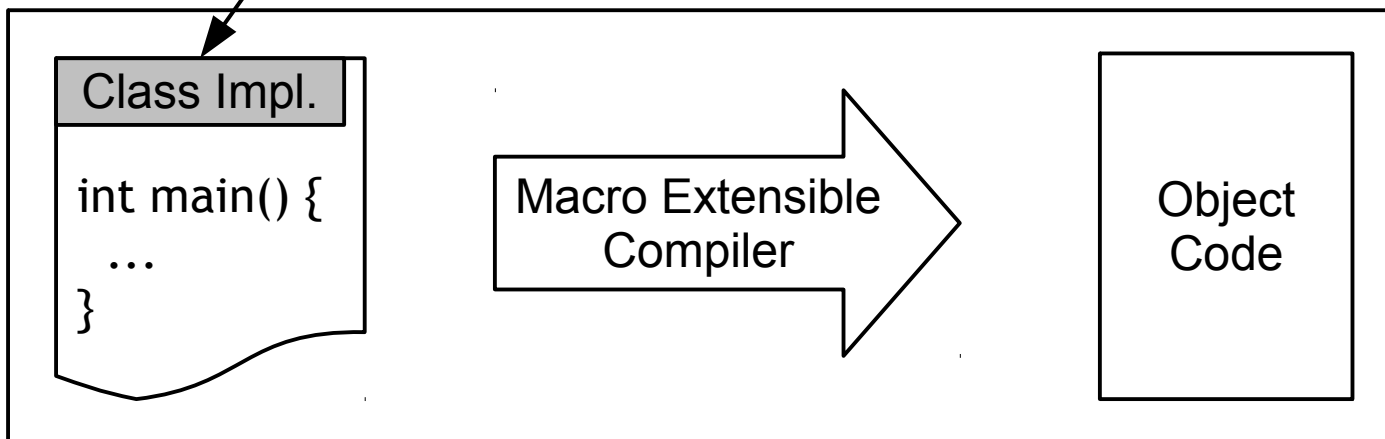
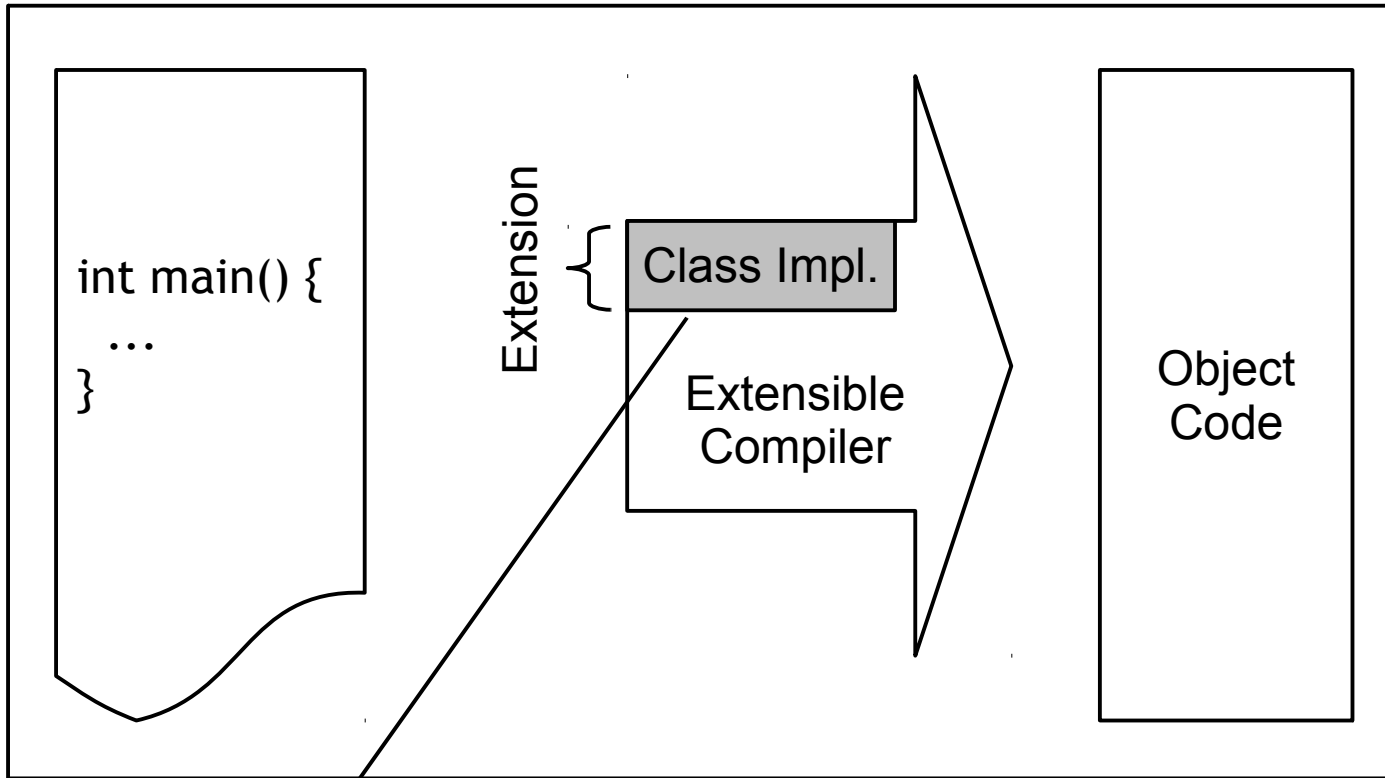
Automate These Patterns

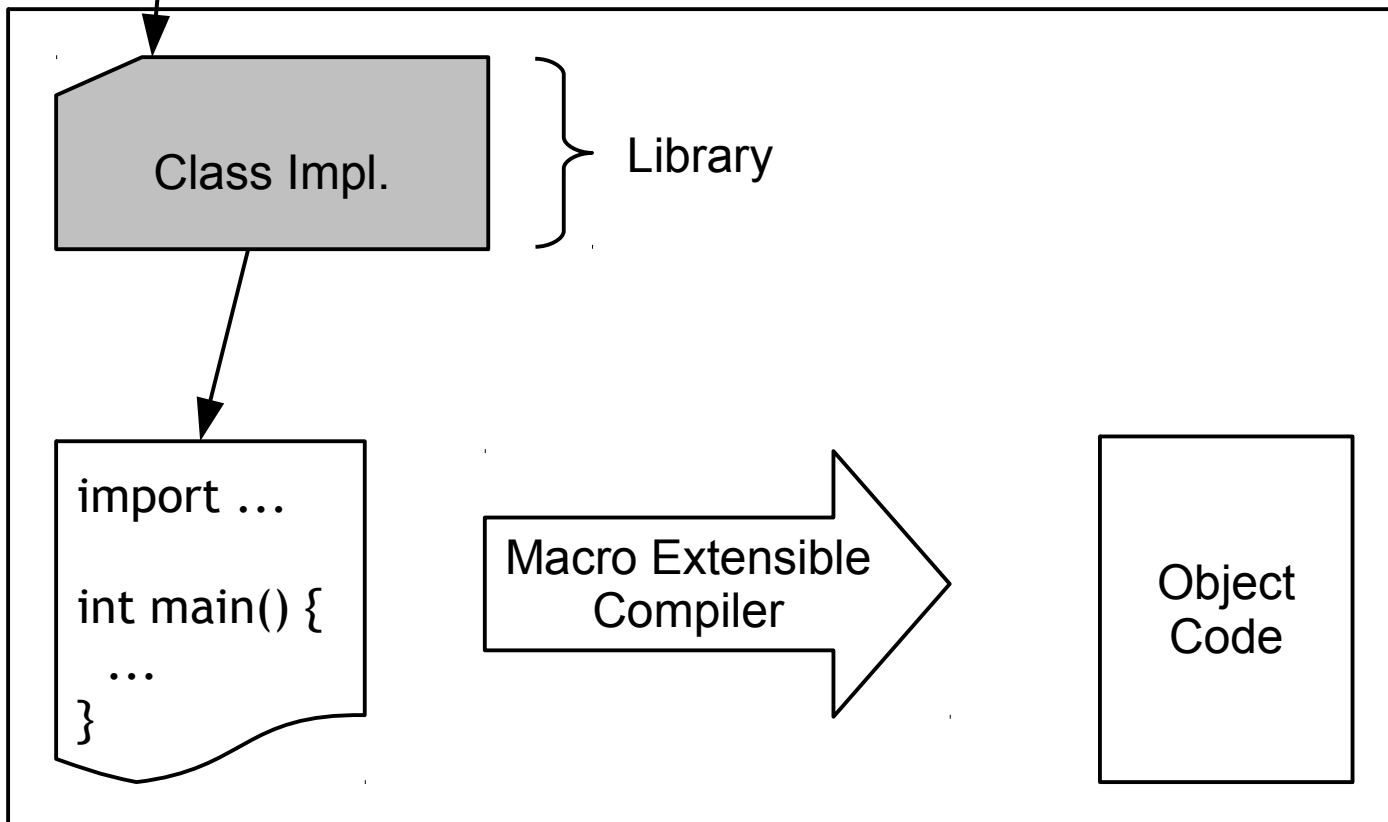
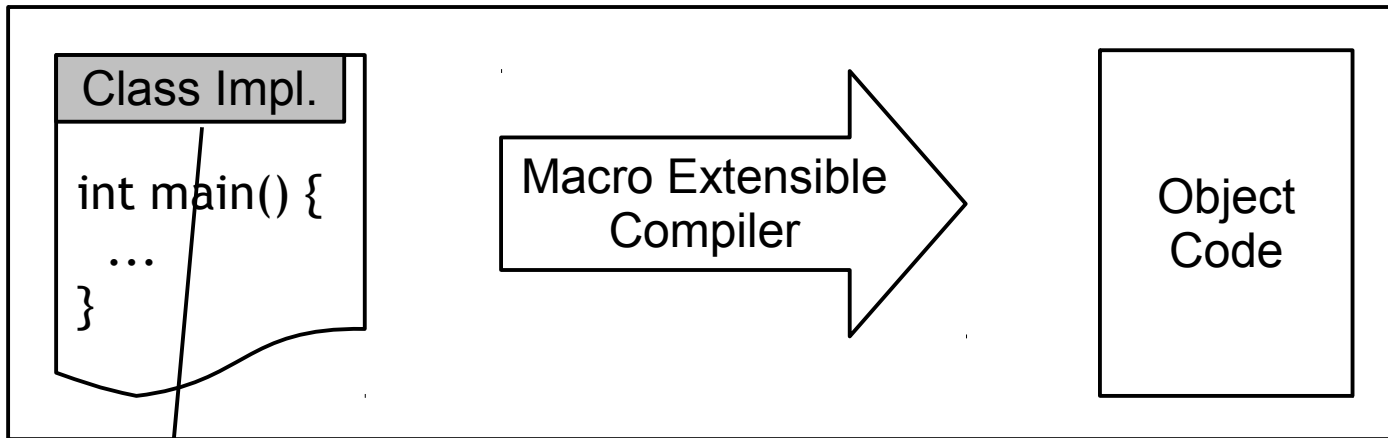
Automation is Not Enough...

Breaking Binary Compatibility

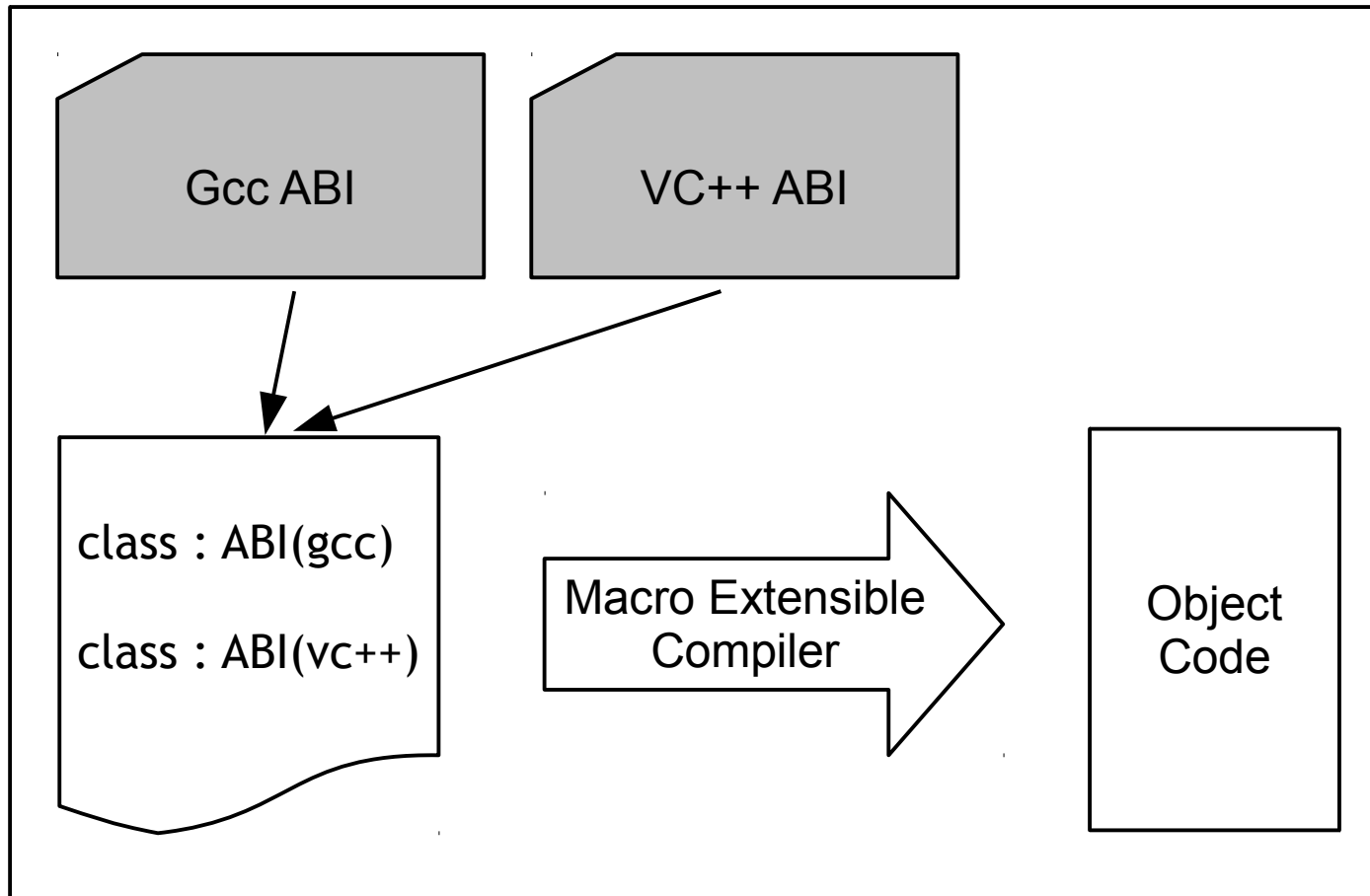


- For Preserving: Options Limited

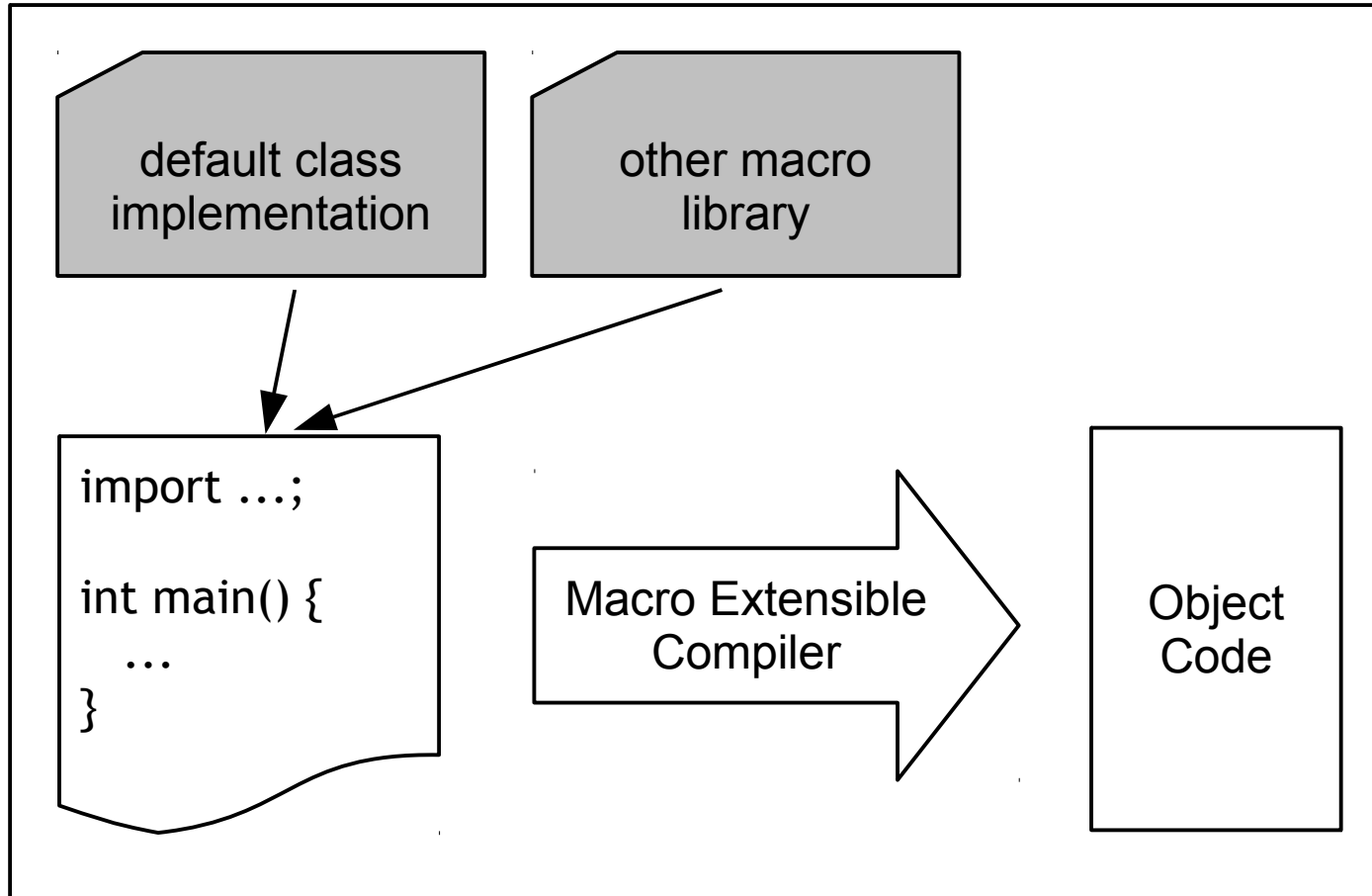




Two ABI's at Once



ZL



C Like Core w/ Minimal Amount of C++

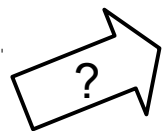
How to Parse This Expression?

`f(x/2, y)`

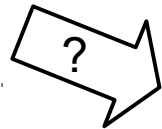
Function Call?

Macro Invocation?

`f(x/2, y)`



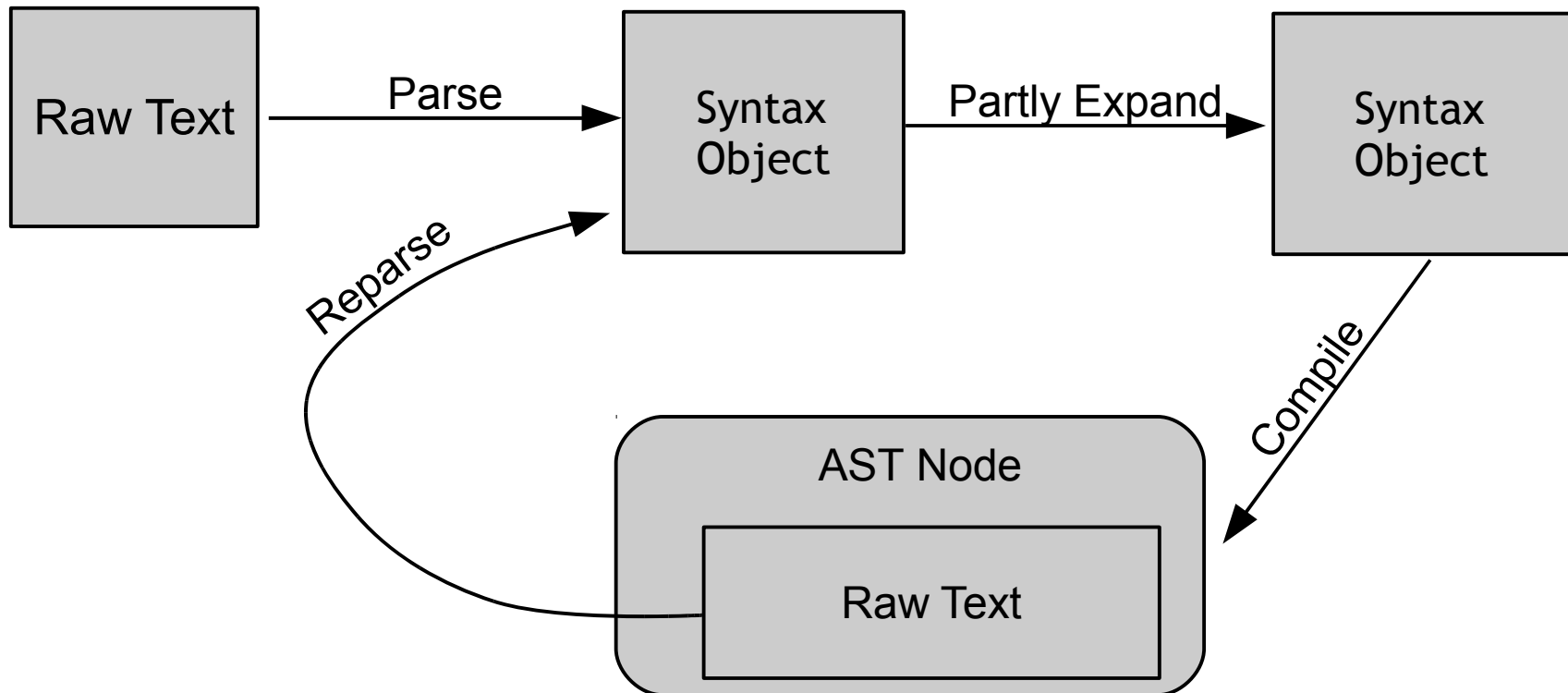
`x/2 + y`



`int y = x/2`

Parsing Overview

- ZL doesn't parse in a single linear pass
- Iterative-deepening approach



Parsing Details

```
inline int f() {int x = 10; return x;}  
int main() {return f();}
```

Parse

```
(@ (stmt inline int f ("()" "")  
    ("{" "int x = 10; return x;")  
  (stmt int main ("()" "") ("{" "return f();"))))
```

Expand & Compile

Top Level Environment

```
(stmt inline int f ...)
```

...

```
(stmt int main ...)
```

...

Top Level Environment

```
(stmt inline int f ...)
```

Expand

```
(fun f "()" int :inline ("{}" "int x = 10; return x;"))
```

Compile

Function

```
("{}" "int x = 10; return x;")
```

...

```
(stmt int main ...)
```

...

Function

```
("{" "int x = 10; return x;")
```

Expand & Reparse

```
(block (stmt int x = 10)  
      (return (exp x)))
```

Compile

Block

```
(stmt int x = 10))
```

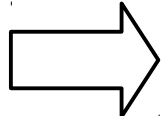
...

```
(return (exp x))
```

...

Hygienic Pattern Macros

```
macro or(x, y) { ({typeof(x) t = x; t ? t : y;}); }
```

```
or(0.0, t)  ({typeof(0.0) t0 = 0.0; t0 ? t0 : t;});
```

Procedural Macros

```
Syntax* foreach(Syntax*) {...}  
make_macro foreach
```

```
int main() {  
    Container c;  
    ...  
    foreach(el, c, el.print());  
}
```

Syntax Forms: new_mark
syntax
make_macro

Callbacks: match
replace
ct_value
error

The Class Macro

```
import_file "class-simple.zlh";

...

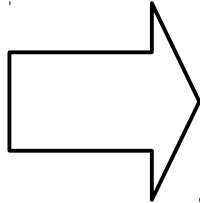
.class ParseClass {
    ...
    virtual Syntax * parse(Syntax * p) {...}
    virtual void init() {...}
    virtual void init_parent_info() {...}
    ...
};

Syntax * parse_class(Syntax * p) {
    ParseClass * pc = new ParseClass;
    return pc->parse(p);
}
make_macro class parse_class;
```

900 Lines
of Code

Expanding Method Calls

C o
o.f()



C::f(...)

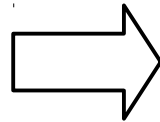
What is f?

User Types

(ZL's Notion of Classes)

```
user_type C {  
  
    struct Data {  
        int i;  
    };  
    associate_type struct Data;  
  
    int foo(int j)  
  
    macro i(:this ths) {...}  
    macro f(x, :this ths) {...}  
}
```

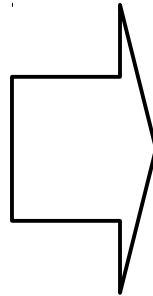
```
void main() {  
    C o;  
    o.f(x);  
    int x = o.i;  
}
```



```
void main() {  
    C o;  
    C::f(x, :this = &o);  
    int x = C::i(:this = &o);  
}
```

Classes

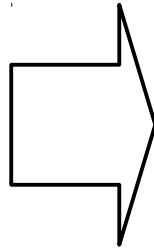
```
class C {  
    int i;  
  
    int f(int j)  
        {return i + j;}  
  
};
```



```
user_type C {  
  
    struct Data {  
        int i;  
    };  
    associate_type struct Data;  
    int f`internal(C * this, int j)  
        {return i + j;}  
  
    macro i (:this ths = this)  
        {(* (C *)ths)..i;}  
    macro f(j, :this ths = this)  
        {f`internal(ths, j);}  
  
}
```

Inheritance

```
class D : public C
{
    int j;
};
```



```
user_type D {
    import C;

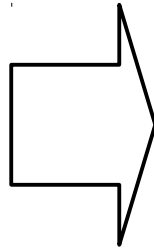
    struct Data {
        struct C::Data parent;
        int j;
    };
    associate_type struct Data;

    make_subtype C _up_cast _down_cast;
    macro _up_cast ...
    macro _down_cast ...

    macro j (:this ths = this) {...}
}
```

Virtual Methods

```
class D : public C
{
    virtual
    void f(int j);
};
```



```
user_type D {
    ...

    class VTable : public C::VTable {
        void (*f)(int j);
    };

    struct Data {
        VTable* _vptr;
        ...
    };
    associate_type struct Data;

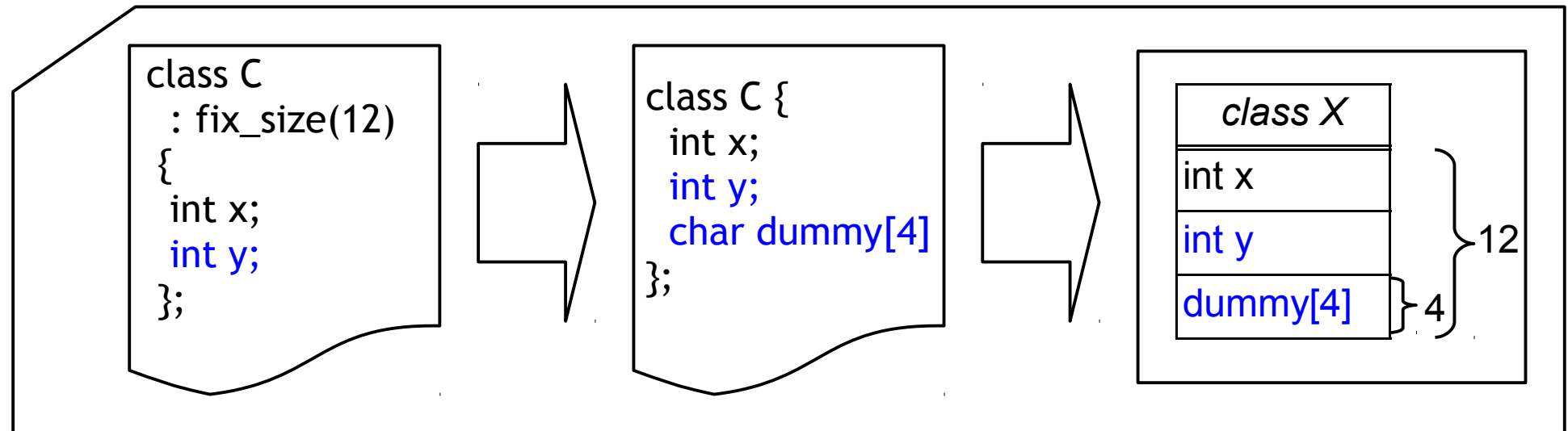
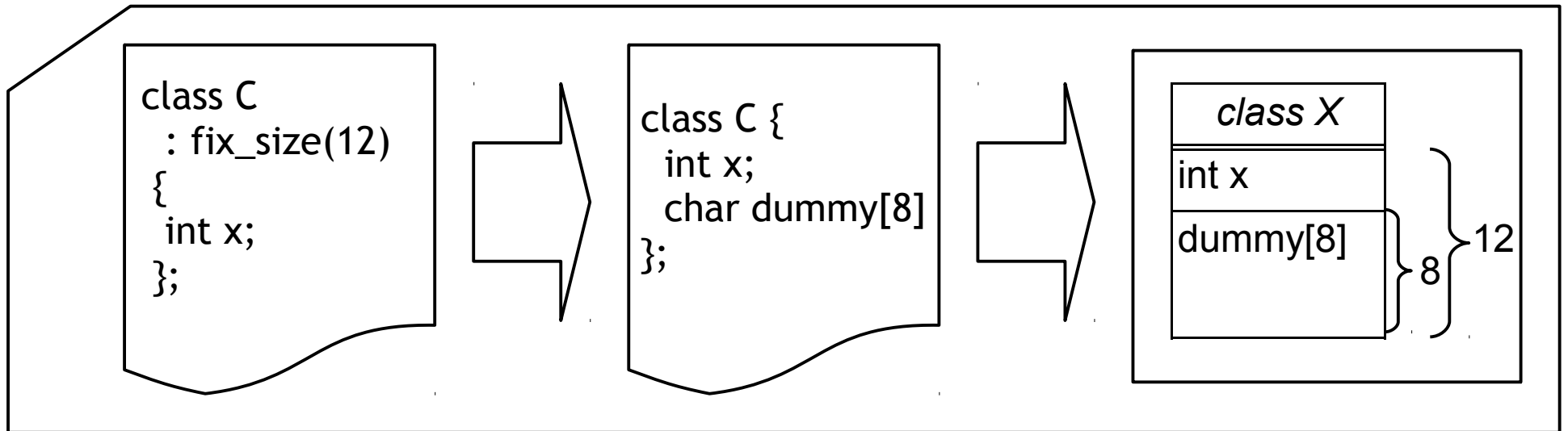
    macro f(j, :this ths = this)
        {_vptr->f(ths, j);}

    ...
}
```

Examples

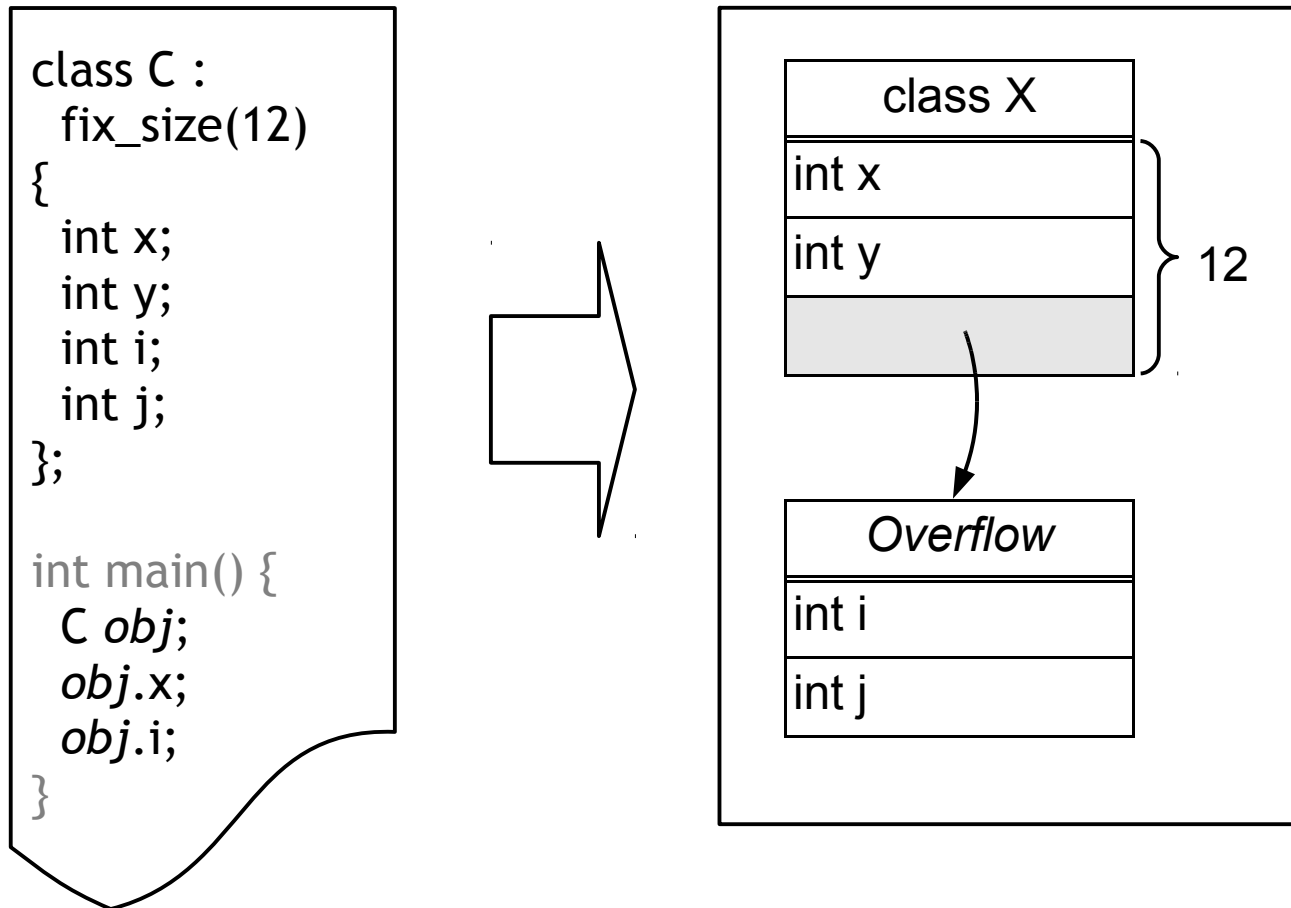
Using ZL to Mitigate
ABI Problems

Example: Fixing Size of Class



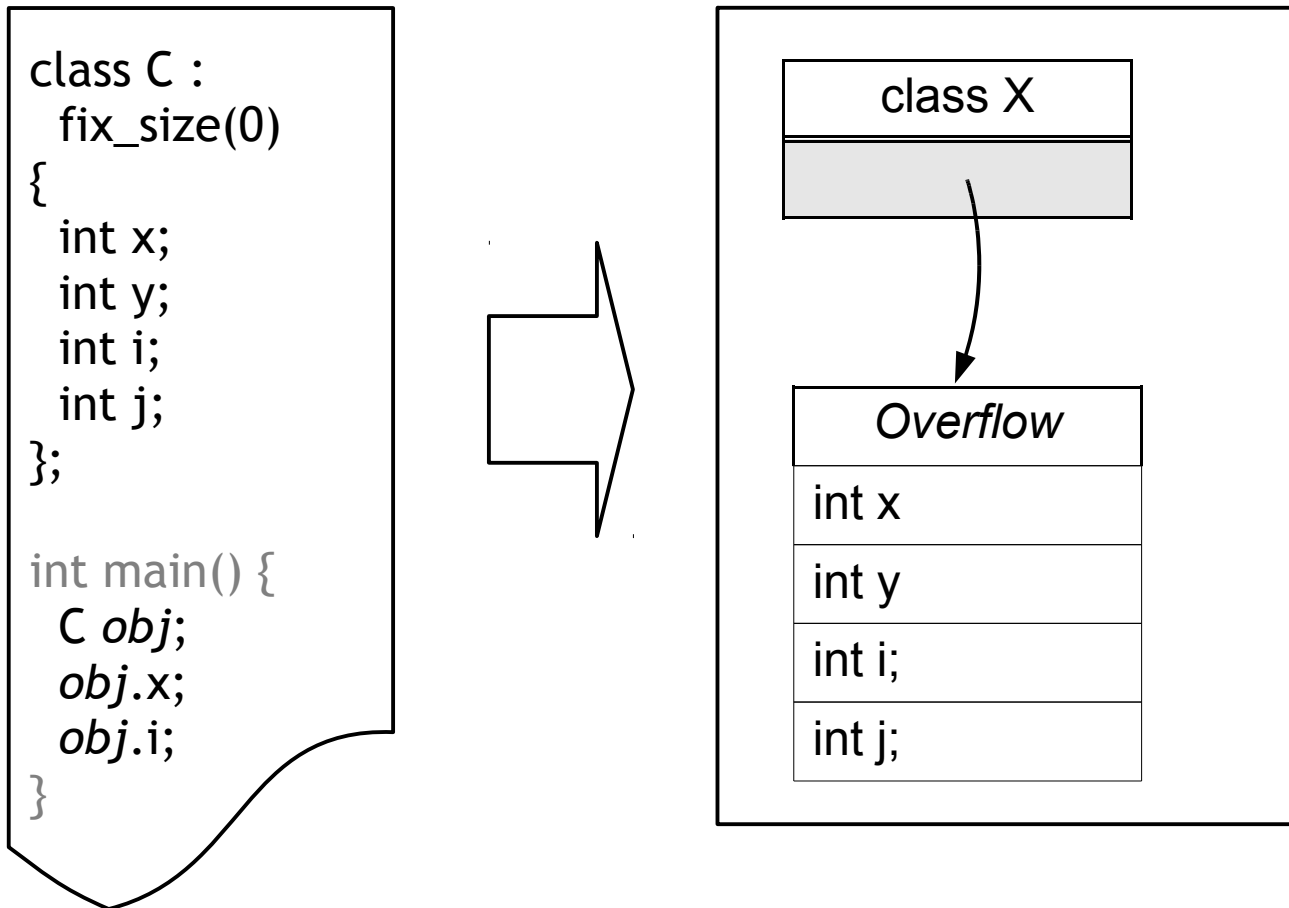
(Complete Macro In Dissertation, 36 Lines of Code)

Example: Allowing More Fields



(Expanded Macro, Around 100 Lines of Code)

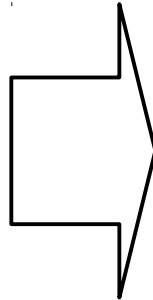
Example: Pointer to Impl.



(Same Macro, Around 100 Lines of Code)

Fixing Virtual Table Size

```
class X
: fix_vtable_size(8)
{
    virtual void f();
    virtual void g();
    virtual void h();
};
```

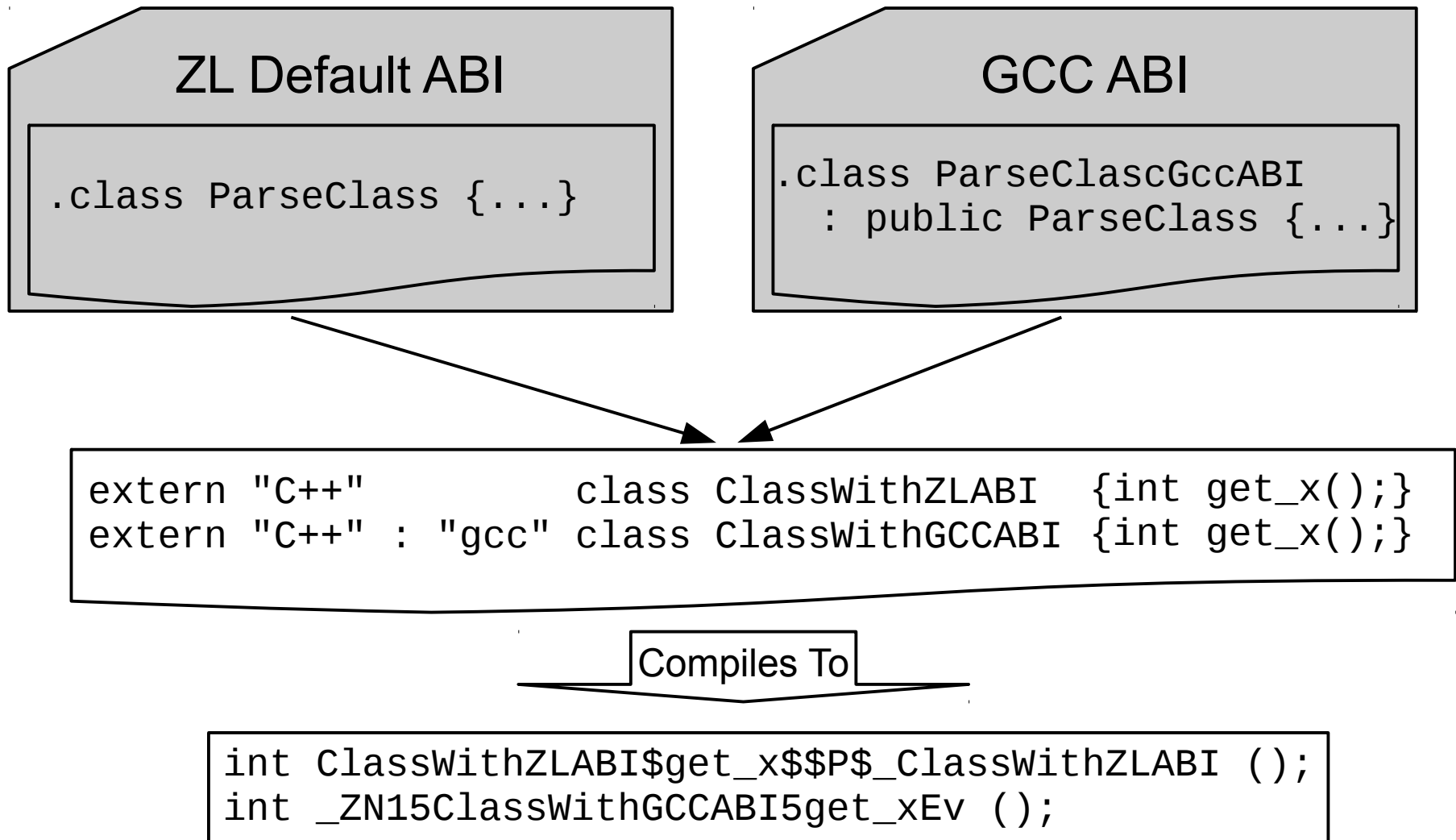


```
macro alt_vtable (name, body) {
    class name : fix_size(8) {body};
}

class X : vtable_class(alt_vtable) {
    virtual void f();
    virtual void g();
    virtual void h();
};
```

(Modified Macro, Around 120 Lines of Code)

Matching GCC's ABI



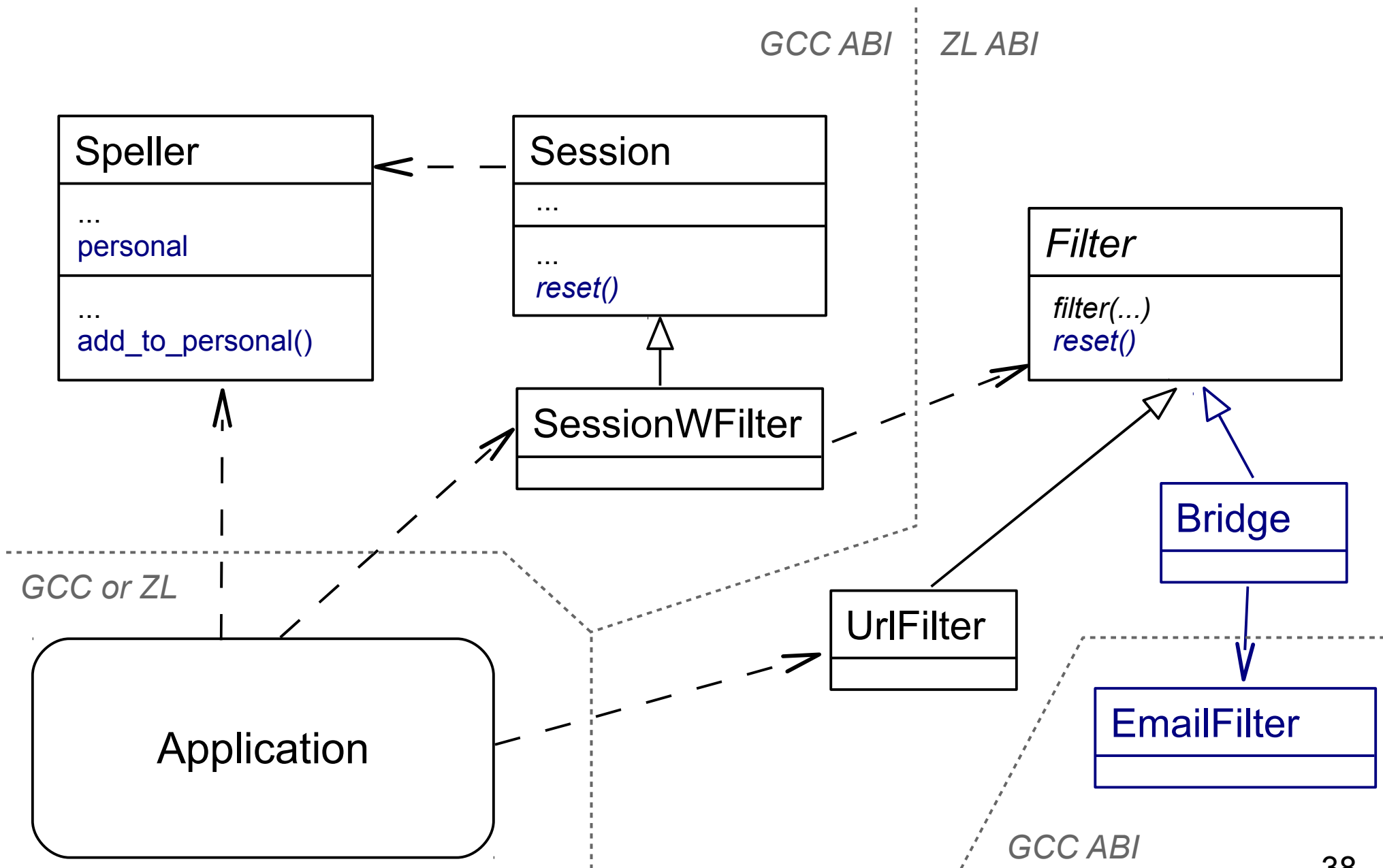
(Class Macro 150 lines, Mangler 300 lines)

Demonstration

Simple Spell



Simple Spell's Classes



Speller Class

```
...
Speller * speller = new Speller();
speller->init(new_lang(), new_master_dict());
...
for (...) { // look through document
    bool correct = speller->check(word);
    if (!correct) {
        // maybe
        Suggestions * sugs = speller->suggest();
        // if indeed correct
        speller->add_to_session(word);
    }
}
...
```

GCC ABI

```
class Speller {
    init(...)
    check(...)
    suggest()
    add_to_session(...)
};

struct Suggestions;

new_lang();
new_master_dict();
```

Session Class

```
...
Speller * speller = new Speller();
speller->init(new_lang(), new_master_dict());
SessionWFilters * session
    = new SessionWFilters(speller);
session->add(new_url_filter());
for (...) { // look through doc. one line at a time
    session->new_line(line);
    while (session->next_misspelling()) {
        word = session->misspelled_word();
        bool correct = speller->check(word);
        if (!correct) {
            // maybe
            Suggestions * suggs = speller->suggest();
            // if indeed correct
            speller->add_to_session(word);
            // if incorrect
            session->replace(new_word)
        }
    }
}
...
```

GCC ABI

```
class Session {
    virtual new_line(...)
    virtual next_misspelling()
    inline misspelled_word()
    virtual replace(...)
};
class SessionWFilters
    : public Session {
    virtual add(Filter *)
};
Filter * new_url_filter();
```


Extension API

ZL ABI

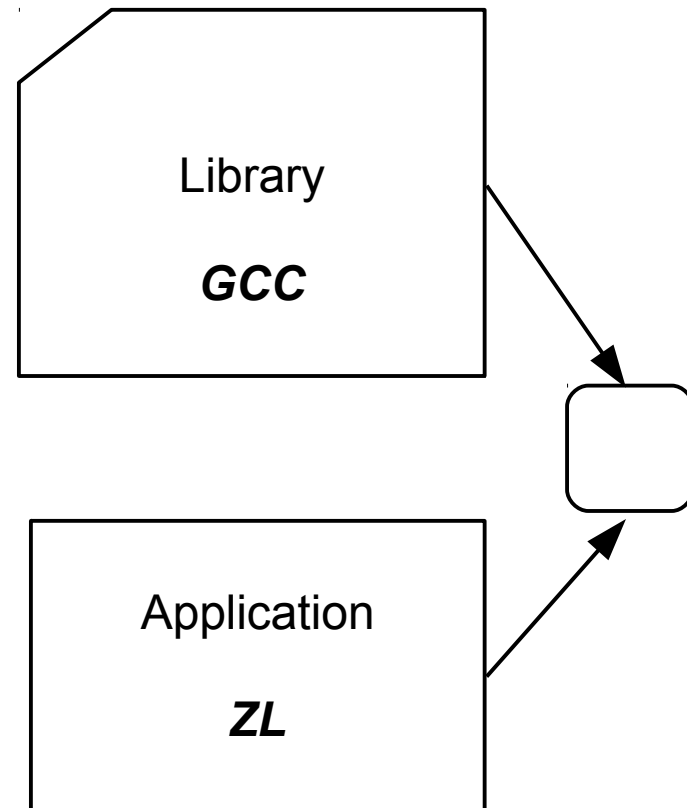
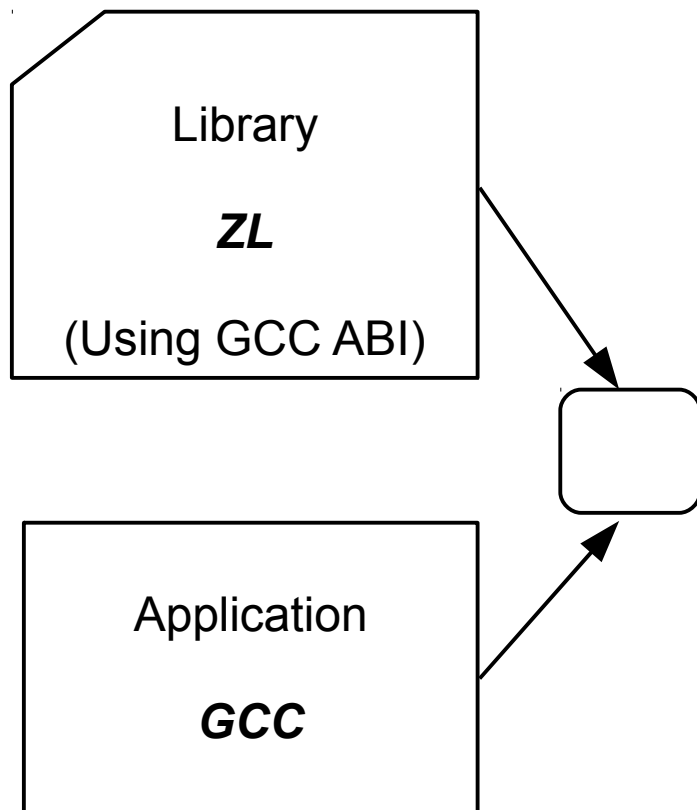
```
class Filter {  
    virtual void filter(char * line) = 0  
    // blank parts of line not to be checked  
}
```

Simple Application

Teh dog swm up the stream.

1) The 2) Tea 3) Ted 4) Tee 5) Tel 6) Ten ...

i) Ignore I) Ignore all r) Replace a) Abort



Email Filter with GCC ABI

GCC ABI

```
class EmailFilter
    : public Filter
    {...}
Filter * new_email_filter();
```

> This line skippd
This line checkd

ZL ABI

```
class FilterBridge : public Filter {...}
Filter * filter_bridge(/* filter in GCC ABI*/)
```

```
session->add(filter_bridge(new_email_filter()));
```

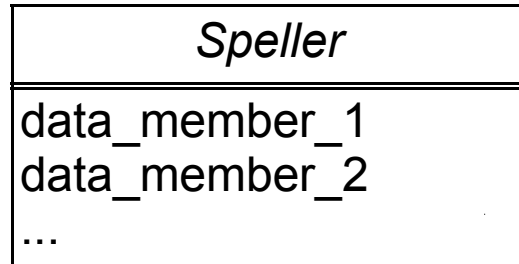
Automate Bridge Class

```
Syntax * parse_mk_bridge(...) {  
    ...  
}  
make_macro mk_bridge parse_mk_bridge();
```

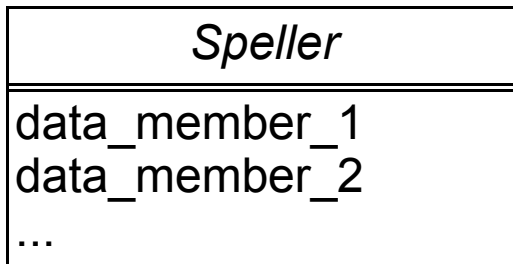
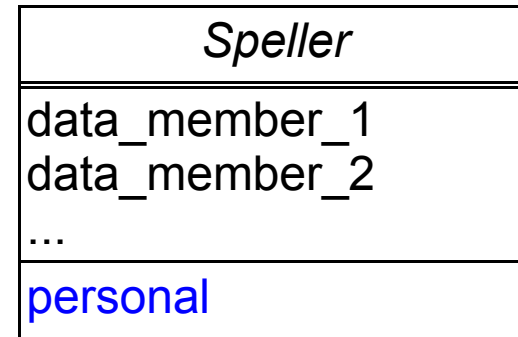
```
mk_bridge(Filter, filter_bridge, "GCC")
```

(Macro Just Under 55 Lines of Code)

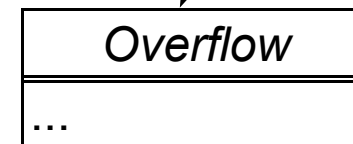
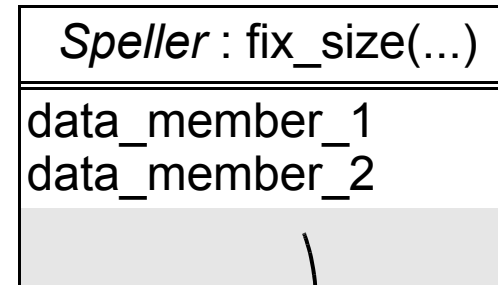
Support For A Personal Dictionary



Changes Size



OK
Still Match
GCC ABI



Fixing Size of Speller Class

```
class SpellerOld {
    // original Speller class private data members
};

class Speller
    : fix_size(sizeof(SpellerOld))
{
    // private data members
    SavableDict * personal;
    // original methods
    void add_to_personal(const char *);
    void save_personal();
};
```

An ABI Allowing Future Adaptation

```
class Speller
  : fix_size(0) {
  ...
};
```

```
extern "C++" : "better"
class Filter {
  ...
}
```

```
class Session
  : fix_size(/* size of members used
              by inline functions */)
  : vtable_slots(16)
{
  const char * word
  ...
  const char * misspelled_word()
  {return word;}
  ...
};
```

```
class SessionWFilter
  : fix_size(0)
  : vtable_slots(16) ...
```

Simple Spell, Version 2

Add (Back) Support for a Personal Dictionary

```
class Speller : fix_size(0) {  
    ...  
    SavableDict * personal;  
    ...  
    void add_to_personal(...);  
    void save_personal();  
};
```


Simple Spell, Version 2

Add Support for Stateful Filters

```
class Session
  : fix_size(...)
  : vtable_slots (16)
{
  ...
  void reset();
};
```

```
extern "C++" : "better"
class Filter {
  ...
  void reset()
}
```

```
Filter * new_comment_filter()
// checks only C and C++ comments
```

ZL Implementation Status

- Prototype Compiler
- Most Of C
- Enough C++ to Demonstrate Approach
- Compiled Several Real Applications
 - C: bzip2, gzip
 - C++: randprog
- Compile Time 2-3 slower
- No Impact on Run-time Performance

Conclusion

Demonstrated ABI Compatibility Through Macros

